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APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/868,515	0	6/18/2001	Klaus Schelberger	49651	1391
26474	7590	07/15/2003			
KEIL & WE			EXAMINER		
1350 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20036				JIANG, SHA	AOJIA A
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•		1617	
				DATE MAILED: 07/15/2003	17

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application N .	Applicant(s)
Office A-4'		09/868,515	SCHELBERGER ET AL.
Office Action Su	mmary	Examiner	Art Unit
		Shaojia A. Jiang	1617
The MAILING DATE ft	his communication ap <sub>l</sub>	pears on the cover shee	et with the corresp ndence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS - Extensions of time may be available und after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing of - If the period for reply specified above is led to be selected and the selected	COMMUNICATION. er the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 late of this communication. ess than thirty (30) days, a repl the maximum statutory period d period for reply will, by statute in three months after the mailing	36(a). In no event, however, m y within the statutory minimum o will apply and will expire SIX (6) e, cause the application to becor	ay a reply be timely filed  f thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  ne ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) Responsive to commun	ication(s) filed on 28	Anril 2003	
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	. ,	is action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is	in condition for allowa	ance except for formal	matters, prosecution as to the merits is C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims	w.o pradude arradi	=x parto quajro, 1000	0.5. 11, 100 0.0. 210.
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12-23</u> is/are pe	nding in the application	on.	
4a) Of the above claim(s)	is/are withdra	wn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are all	owed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12-23</u> is/are rejo	ected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are ob	jected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject Application Papers	ect to restriction and/o	r election requirement.	
9) The specification is object	ted to by the Examine	r.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on	•		ov the Examiner
		_	peyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
11) The proposed drawing co			• • •
If approved, corrected dra			
12) The oath or declaration is	· ·	•	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 a	•		
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made		priority under 35 U.S.	C: 8 119(a)-(d) or (f)
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□	_	priority ariable of old.	o. 3 110(a) (a) o. (i).
		s have been received.	
<u></u>			n Application No
<del></del>			en received in this National Stage
	n the International Bui	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a	)).
14)☐ Acknowledgment is made	of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S	C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application)
a) ☐ The translation of the 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made			
Attachment(s)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Draw     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (	ng Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice	ew Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
S. Patent and Trademark Office TO-326 (Rev. 04-01)	Office Act	ion Summary	Part of Paper No. 17

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

This application is a 371 of PCT/EP99/09803 which claims priority to Germany 198589115.

Applicant's preliminary amendment in Paper No. 15, submitted April 28, 2003 is acknowledged, wherein claims 1, 9, and 10 are cancelled, and claims 11-22 are newly added.

However, it is noted that the numbering of claims is not in accordance with 37 CFR 1.126 which requires the original numbering of the claims to be preserved throughout the prosecution. When claims are canceled, the remaining claims must not be renumbered. When new claims are presented, they must be numbered consecutively beginning with the number next following the highest numbered claims previously presented (whether entered or not).

Since applicant has two claims numbered 11, and the originally presented claim 11 has been cancelled in Paper No. 9 submitted December 2, 2002, the claims herein have been renumbered in accordance with Rule 126, and the dependency of renumbered dependent claims has been completely changed as well. Thus, the claims herein are now numbered 12-23 instead of 11-22.

Currently, claims 12-23 are pending in this application.

It is noted that Applicant's election without traverse of the invention of the species of compounds la and II 79, submitted April 30, 2001 in Paper No. 5.

The claims have been examined insofar as they read on the elected specie.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 12-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

The instant claims are drawn to the employment of a combination of active agents in "a synergistically effective amounts" (see instant claim 11). The instant specification fails to provide information that would allow the skilled artisan to practice the instant invention without undue experimentation. Attention is directed to *In re Wands*, 8 USPQ2d 1400 (CAFC 1988) at 1404 where the court set forth the eight factors to consider when assessing if a disclosure would have required undue experimentation. Citing *Ex parte Forman*, 230 USPQ 546 (BdApls 1986) at 547 the court recited eight factors:

- 1) the quantity of experimentation necessary,
- 2) the amount of direction or guidance provided.
- 3) the presence of absence of working examples,
- 4) the nature of the invention,
- 5) the state of the prior art,
- 6) the relative skill of those in the art

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7) the predictability of the art, and

8) the breadth of the claims.

Synergistic or superadditive effects for combinations of compounds are highly unpredictable. In the instant case there is insufficient guidance or working examples in the specification showing amounts and particular agents to be combined which achieve synergistic effects by the fungicidal composition in the method for controlling fungi herein. The declaration of Dr. Eberhard Ammermann submitted January 29, 2002 in Paper No. 5, has been considered but is ineffective to demonstrate any synergistic effects produced by the combination. For example, e.g., on page 4 of this declaration, the degree of the combination of Ia and IIa is 100 which merely shows less than additive effects, compared to the control for Ia and IIa. The evidence in the declaration and specification is not seen to show clear and convincing synergy for any combination of agents within the claims. Therefore, in view of the unpredictability of such synergistically effective amounts of the claimed combination, the guidance in the specification is considered insufficient to show one of skill in the art how to practice the claimed invention without undue experimentation.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 12-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schwalge et al. (WO 97/06681, of record) and Kasahara et al. (WO 96/19442, of record).

Schwalge et al. (WO 97/06681 equivalent to US 5,972,941) discloses that the particular morpholine, IIa therein, (the elected species, Ia, herein), alone or in combination with the oxime compound of formula I therein in synergistically active amounts is useful in a fungicidal composition and methods for controlling harmful fungi. See US 5,972,941: abstract, col.1 lines 10-55, and the testing at col.5-6. Schwalge et al. also discloses that the mixture therein maybe in two parts wherein one part comprises Compound I therein in a solid or liquid carrier, and the other part comprises the instant particular morpholine a solid or liquid carrier; compound I therein and the instant particular morpholine are applied simultaneously together or separately or successively (see col.2 lines 7-8, col. 3 line 33 to col.4 line 36).

Kasahara et al. (WO 96/19442, equivalent to US 5,847,005) discloses that the particular oxime derivatives such as the elected species, II 79 herein in an effective amount (see Compound 376 in US 5,847,005, col. 21-22), is useful in a fungicidal composition for controlling plant diseases caused by fungi. See WO 96/19442: abstract, and equivalent to US 5,847,005: abstract, col.1 lines 9-36, and col.21-22 and testing in col. 53.

Schwalge et al. and Kasahara et al. do not expressly disclose the employment of the particular oxime derivative, II 79 herein in combination with the particular

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morpholine, la herein, in a fungicidal composition and a method for controlling harmful fungi.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ the particular morpholine, la herein, in combination with the particular oxime derivative, II 79 herein, in a fungicidal composition and a method for controlling harmful fungi.

One having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to employ the particular morpholine, Ia herein, in combination with the particular oxime derivative, II 79 herein, in a fungicidal composition and a method for controlling fungi, because the particular morpholine, Ia herein, alone or in combination with an oxime compound in effective amounts is known to be useful in a fungicidal composition and a method for controlling fungi based on the prior art. Moreover, the particular oxime derivative, II 79 herein, in an effective amount is known to be useful in a fungicidal composition for controlling plant diseases caused by fungi. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would have reasonably expected that combining Ia herein and II 79 herein known useful for the same purpose in a fungicidal composition would improve the fungicidal effect for controlling fungi in plants.

Since all active composition components herein are known to useful in a fungicidal composition, it is considered prima facie obvious to combine them into a single composition to form a third composition useful for the very same purpose. At least additive therapeutic effects would have been reasonably expected. See *In re Kerkhoven*, 205 USPQ 1069 (CCPA 1980).

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Additionally, the teachings of Schwalge regarding the combination of the particular morpholine herein and the oxime compound therein known to be useful in a fungicidal composition exhibiting synergistic effects against the fungi further provides the motivation to make the present invention.

Thus the claimed invention as a whole is clearly prima facie obvious over the combined teachings of the prior art.

In view of the rejections to the pending claims set forth above, no claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Jiang, whose telephone number is (703) 305-1008. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:00 to 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreenivasan Padmanabhan, Ph.D., can be reached on (703) 305-1877. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 308-4556.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-

1235.

S. Anna Jiang, Ph.D.

Patent Examiner, AU 1617

July 8, 2003